

E9-252: Mathematical methods and techniques in signal processing

Home Work #1 (Due 3rd September 2013 in class)

Review of signals and systems

Late Submission Policy: Actual points scored = Correct points scored * $e^{-\text{\#days late}}$

Problem Sets:

1) Using the definition of linearity, examine if the ideal delay and the moving average systems are linear. (5 pts)

2) A discrete LTI system has an impulse response $h[n]$. If the input $x[n]$ is periodic with period N , i.e., $x[n+N]=x[n]$, examine if the output $y[n]$ is periodic. (5 pts)

3) Consider the first order difference operation:

$$y[n] = x[n] - x[n-1] = \nabla x[n].$$

(a) Show that the system is LTI.

(b) Find and sketch the frequency response of the system.

(c) Is convolution operation commutative? Prove your result.

(d) Suppose $x[n] = f[n] * g[n]$, show that $\nabla x[n] = f[n] * \nabla g[n] = \nabla f[n] * g[n]$ (* is the discrete convolution operation).

(e) Find the impulse response of a system $h_i[n]$ which when cascaded with the first order difference system can recover the input. i.e.,

$$h_i[n] * \nabla x[n] = x[n].$$

(12 pts)

4) Obtain the state variable representation of the following transfer function from first principles. (Moon and Stirling, problem 1.4.15 (c))

$$H(z) = \frac{1 - 2z^{-1}}{1 + 0.5z^{-1} + 0.06z^{-2}}. \quad (8 \text{ pts})$$

5) Let $S = [A, b, c^T, d], d \neq 0$ denote the state variable representation of an LTI system $H(z)$. What would be the state variable representation of $1/H(z)$? Express your answer in terms A, b, c^T, d . (Moon and Stirling, problem 1.4.21)

(10 pts)

6) Problem 1.4.30 parts (a) and (b) from Moon and Stirling.

(10 pts)